The opinion in support of the decision being entered today was <u>not</u> written for publication and is not binding precedent of the Board.

Paper No. 23

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

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U.S. PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES Appeal No. 2002-2088 Application No. 09/186,388

ON BRIEF

Before RUGGIERO, GROSS, and LEVY, Administrative Patent Judges. GROSS, Administrative Patent Judge.

DECISION ON APPEAL

This is a decision on appeal from the examiner's final rejection of claims 1 through 28, which are all of the claims pending in this application.

Appellants' invention relates to a method of forming source and drain regions and of doping a polysilicon electrode including implanting P_2 or As_2 ions using a single ion implantation step. Claim 1 is illustrative of the claimed invention, and it reads as follows:

providing a semiconductor integrated circuit wafer having source/drain regions;

providing an ion implant apparatus;

placing a phosphorous ion source in said ion implant apparatus;

adjusting said ion implant apparatus so that said ion implant apparatus produces an ion beam comprising P_2 ions, wherein said ion beam has a beam density and a beam energy;

implanting impurities into said source/drain regions of said integrated circuit wafer, wherein said impurities consist of P_2 ions implanted using a single ion implantation step and said ion beam; and

annealing said integrated circuit wafer having $P_2^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$ ions implanted at an anneal temperature for an anneal time.

The prior art references of record relied upon by the examiner in rejecting the appealed claims are:

Aitken Current 4,578,589 5,155,369 Mar. 25, 1986 Oct. 13, 1992

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Claims 1 through 28 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Current in view of Aitken.

Reference is made to the Examiner's Answer (Paper No. 20, mailed April 22, 2002) for the examiner's complete reasoning in support of the rejection, and to appellants' Brief (Paper No. 19, filed March 5, 2002) for appellants' arguments thereagainst.

OPINION

We have carefully considered the claims, the applied prior art references, and the respective positions articulated by appellants and the examiner. As a consequence of our review, we will reverse the obviousness rejection of claims 1 through 28.

For claims 1 through 14, appellants argue (Brief, pages 13-14) that Current describes a two step ion implantation method whereas the claims recite single step ion implantation methods. For claims 15 through 28, appellants (Brief, pages 15-16) set forth substantially the same argument. The examiner states (Answer, page 5) that

in Col. 8, at the top, Current teaches a single implantation step of P_2^+ or As_2^+ , followed by an implantation of another species, the claims comprise an ion implantation of one species the P_2^+ or As_2^+ , but the scope of the claim does not preclude the implantation of a second species, therefore it would have been within the scope of one of ordinary skill in the art to implant the P_2^+ or As_2^+ in one single step followed by an implantation of another species.

Thus, the examiner admits that Current discloses a two step ion implantation method, but asserts that the claims do not preclude a second ion implantation of a different impurity. We disagree with the examiner.

Although claim 1 includes the word "comprising," and therefore does not preclude additional steps, any additional

Steps cannot be inconsistent with the steps that are recited.

Claim 1 recites implanting impurities wherein "said impurities

consist of P₂ ions" (emphasis ours). Thus, only P₂ ions may be

implanted. Claim 1 continues that the ions are implanted "using

a single ion implantation step." Thus, claim 1 requires a single

ion implantation step for implanting only P₂ ions. Claim 1 is

clearly limited to a single implantation step. Independent claim

15 includes the same language. Independent claims 8 and 22 each

recite that "said impurities consist of As₂ ions" and that the

ions are implanted "using a single ion implantation step." Thus,

claims 8 and 22 require a single ion implantation step for

implanting only As₂ ions. Current clearly fails to meet the

limitation of a single ion implantation of either P₂ or As₂.

The examiner combined Aitken with Current for a teaching to use a solid ion source. Aitken provides no suggestion or teaching to modify Current to have a single ion implantation step. Thus, Aitken fails to remedy the deficiency of Current. Consequently, we cannot sustain the obviousness rejection of claims 1 through 28.

¹ We note that the limitations for which Aitken was applied appear only in dependent claims 7, 14, 21, and 28.

CONCLUSION

The decision of the examiner rejecting claims 1 through 28 under 35 U.S.C. § 103 is reversed.

REVERSED

JOSEPH F. RUGGIERO

Administrative Patent Judge

ANITA PELLMAN GROSS

Administrative Patent Judge

BOARD OF PATENT

APPEALS

AND

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STUART S. LEVY

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